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## **Representation of Dense Volume Datasets Using Pointerless Sparse Voxel Octrees With Variable and Fixed-Length Encoding**

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# Content

- ▶ Contribution of the paper
- ▶ Proposed Data Structure
- ▶ Test Results
- ▶ Conclusions

# Contribution of the paper<sub>(1)</sub>

- ▶ Design of the hierarchical data structure,
  - ▶ based on the pointerless sparse voxel octrees,
  - ▶ carving out of subtrees homogenously filled by any value from the set of values,
  - ▶ fixed-length and variable-length (Huffman) encoding of subtrees,
  - ▶ fixed-length and variable-length (Huffman) encoding of voxel values.

# Proposed hierarchical data structure<sub>(1)</sub>

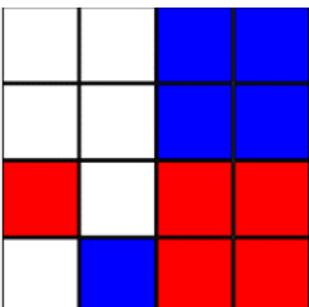
- ▶ Formal description of the proposed hierarchical data structure using Backus-Naur Form (BNF)

- ▶ **PSVO** ::= <INODE> | <LNODE>
- ▶ **INODE** ::= <CHNM>
- ▶ **CHNM** ::= (8)<HT>
- ▶ **HT** ::= "0" <INODE> | "0" <LNODE> | "1" <SYMB>
- ▶ **LNODE** ::= (8) <SYMB>
- ▶ **SYMB** ::= (n)<BIT>
- ▶ **BIT** ::= "0" | "1"

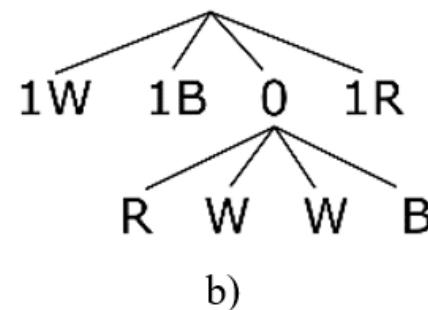
where:

<SYM> - mandatory non-terminal symbol SYM,  
"sym" – terminal symbol sym,  
(n) <SYM> - symbol SYM, concatenated n times,  
| - alternative,  
Juxtaposition – concatenation

# Proposed hierarchical data structure<sub>(2)</sub>



a)



b)

root node (INODE)			
1W	1B	0	1R
leaf node (LNODE)			
R	W	W	B

c)

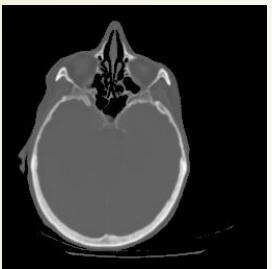
root node (INODE)			
10	110	0	111
leaf node (LNODE)			
11	0	0	10

d)

10	110	0	11	0	0	10	111
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e)

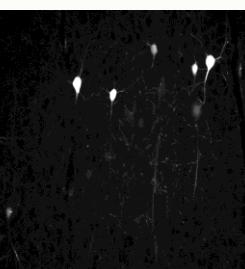
# Test results(1)



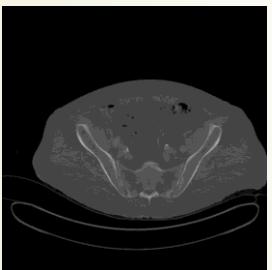
a)



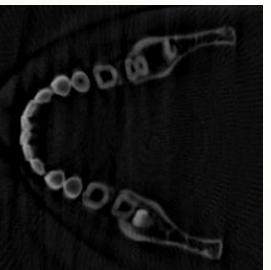
b)



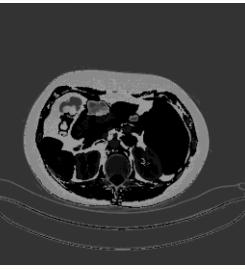
c)



d)



e)



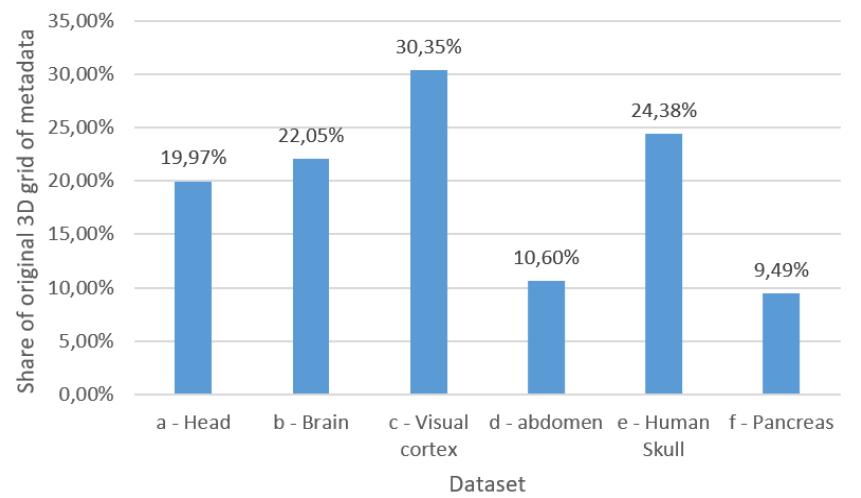
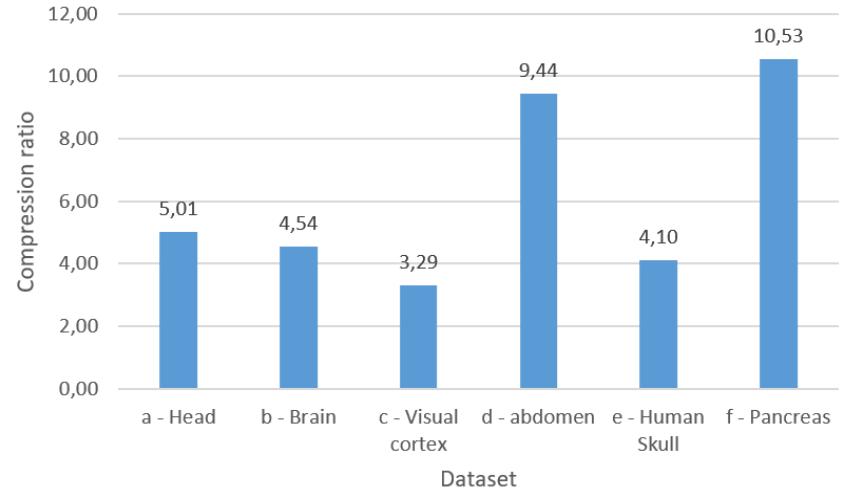
f)

	Volume dataset	Volume dimensions	Voxels [M]	b/vox	Size [MB]
A	Head	$256 \times 256 \times 113$	7.4	16	14.1
B	Brain	$256 \times 256 \times 109$	7.1	16	13.6
C	Visual Cortex	$1024 \times 1024 \times 314$	329.3	8	314.0
D	Abdomen	$512 \times 512 \times 174$	45.6	16	87.0
E	Human skull	$256 \times 256 \times 256$	16.8	8	16.0
F	Pancreas	$240 \times 512 \times 512$	62.9	16	120.0

# Test results(2)

	Metadata details			Proposed hierarchical data structure details								Compression		
	Threshold		Original	HT <sub>0</sub>	HT <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>0</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	Size	[KB]	[%]	Ratio	b/vox	
	τ <sub>1</sub>	τ <sub>2</sub>	[KB]	[× 10 <sup>3</sup> ]	[× 10 <sup>3</sup> ]	[× 10 <sup>3</sup> ]	[× 10 <sup>3</sup> ]	[× 10 <sup>3</sup> ]	[KB]	[%]	Ratio	b/vox		
a - Head	200	400	1 808	395	99	546	467	458	361	19.97%	5.01	0.40		
b - Brain	1 150	1 350	1 744	315	150	636	495	492	385	22.05%	4.54	0.44		
c - Visual cortex	25	50	80 384	8 744	9 003	41 416	34 534	33 474	24 397	30.35%	3.29	0.61		
d - Abdomen	200	400	11 136	3 007	237	1 327	1 175	1 260	1 180	10.60%	9.44	0.21		
e - Human Skull	25	50	4 096	466	377	1 679	1 389	1 345	999	24.38%	4.10	0.49		
f - Pancreas	225	425	15 360	7 761	75	745	787	776	1 458	9.49%	10.53	0.19		

# Test results<sub>(3)</sub>



# Conclusions<sub>(1)</sub>

- ▶ Proposed hierarchical data structure allowed
  - ▶ lossless compression,
  - ▶ significant reduction of the size of metadata ,
  - ▶ from 9.49% to 30.35% share in comparison to original metadata size,
  - ▶ compression ratio in the range from 3.29 to 10.53.

# References<sup>(1)</sup>

- ▶ B. Madoš, E. Chovancová and M. Hasin, "**Evaluation of Pointerless Sparse Voxel Octrees Encoding Schemes Using Huffman Encoding for Dense Volume Datasets Storage**", In: ICETA 2020 : 18th IEEE International Conference on Emerging eLearning Technologies and Applications: proceedings. - New Jersey (USA): Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Nov. 12 – 13, 2020, Virtual Conference, Technical University of Košice, Slovakia, [print, online]. - ISBN 978-1-5386-7912-8.
- ▶ V. Kämpe, E. Sintorn and U. Assarsson, "**High Resolution Sparse Voxel DAGs**", ACM Transactions on Graphics. 32, 4, Article 101 (July 2013), 8 pages. ISSN 0730-0301, DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1145/2461912.2462024>.
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*Thank you*